



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

All meat in or about any meat shop or in any meat wagon or offered or exposed for sale or sold or delivered for sale or consumption within the corporate limits of the city of Berkeley not marked in accordance with the provisions of this section may be summarily seized and destroyed by the city veterinarian, the health officer, or by any authorized assistant or deputy of either of them.

SEC. 13. All meat in or about any meat shop or in any meat wagon, or offered or exposed for sale or sold or delivered for sale or consumption within the corporate limits of the city of Berkeley, excepting that which bears the approval stamp of the United States Department of Agriculture, must bear on each primal part, in addition to the stamp described in section 12 of this ordinance, a stamp of design approved by the Berkeley board of health, to be affixed at the slaughterhouse in which the animal was killed and dressed, bearing the permit number of the slaughterhouse as issued by the Berkeley board of health.

All meat in or about any meat shop or in any meat wagon, or offered or exposed for sale or sold or delivered for sale or consumption within the corporate limits of the city of Berkeley, not marked in accordance with the provisions of this section, may be summarily seized and destroyed by the city veterinarian, the health officer, or any authorized assistant or deputy of either of them.

SEC. 14. The carcass and all parts thereof of any animal intended for consumption as human food within the corporate limits of the city of Berkeley, which has not been stamped as provided in sections 12 and 13 of this ordinance, shall be subject to inspection by the city veterinarian or his assistant and marking with the approval stamp of the board of health as provided in section 12 of this ordinance, provided that the liver and thoracic organs of such carcass accompany such carcass and are held in place by their natural attachments. Meat failing to pass the inspection provided in this section may be summarily seized and destroyed by the city veterinarian or his assistant.

SEC. 15. It shall be unlawful for any person to make unauthorized use of any of the stamps described in this ordinance or make or use any imitation of said stamps.

SEC. 16. For the enforcement of this ordinance the office of veterinarian of the department of public health and safety of the city of Berkeley (short title, "City veterinarian") is hereby created. Appointment to this office shall be conditioned upon satisfactory examination conducted by the board of health. All applicants examined for this position must be graduates of a recognized veterinary college having a course of not less than three years leading to the degree.

SEC. 17. Any person violating any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$200 or by imprisonment for not more than 60 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 18. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SEC. 19. This ordinance is hereby declared to be urgent and necessary to immediately preserve the public health and safety, and shall take effect from and after its final passage.

SEC. 20. This ordinance is hereby ordered to be printed and published (with the ayes and noes) for two days in Berkeley Daily Gazette, which newspaper is hereby designated for that purpose.

BOISE CITY, IDAHO.

Offensive Trades—Penalty for Maintaining. (Ord. No. 1028, Aug. 20, 1912.)

SECTION 1. That section 1118 of the Revised Ordinances of Boise City of 1909 be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 1118. Any person who shall, by agent or otherwise, within Boise City, Idaho, keep, maintain, or permit to be kept or maintained upon the premises owned or occu-

pied by him, her, or them, any building, outhouse, yard, lot, or inclosure wherein any noxious trade, business, or occupation is carried on, the use or occupancy of which building, outhouse, yard, lot, or inclosure is injurious to the health, noxious or offensive to the senses, or an obstruction to the free use of property, so as to interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property, shall be deemed guilty of maintaining a nuisance, and upon conviction thereof in the police court of Boise City, shall be subject to a fine of not more than \$100. And each day of continuing or maintaining such nuisance, after notice by the chief of police to remove or abate the same, shall be deemed a new offense and punishable accordingly."

SEC. 2. This ordinance shall be in force and take effect 10 days after its passage and approval: *Provided*, It be published in at least one issue of the official paper within said time.

BROCKTON MASS.

Foodstuffs—Protection of. (Reg. No. 16, Bd. of H., Aug. 1, 1912.)

SECTION 1. No person shall allow the body of any animal, or part thereof, or any bread, pastry, poultry, or other provisions which may be used as human food, to be carted or carried through the streets or avenues of the city of Brockton, unless it be so covered as to protect it from dust, dirt, and flies.

SEC. 2. No cherries, blackberries, huckleberries, raspberries, strawberries, grapes, dates, figs, salted peanuts, cracked nuts of any kind, corn cakes, corn crisp, candy of any description, maple sugar, or any other article or foodstuff which may be used for human food without cooking or peeling, shall be kept or exposed for sale in any street or public place, or outside of any shop or store, or in the open windows or doorways thereof, unless they be kept covered, so that they shall be protected from dust, dirt, and flies.

SEC. 3. No vegetables, or other articles which are to be used as human food, shall be kept or placed or exposed for sale outside of any shop, store, or market, or in the open windows or doorways thereof, where it is possible for such vegetables or other articles to be contaminated by dogs.

SEC. 4. Every person, being the occupant or lessee of any room, stall, building, or place where any meat, fish, birds, fowl, milk, vegetables, butter, fruit, or other articles intended or held for human food, shall be stored or kept, or shall be offered for sale, shall put and keep such room, stall, building, or place, and its appurtenances, in a clean and wholesome condition; and every person having charge or interested or engaged, whether as principal or agent, in the care, or in respect to the custody or sale of any meat, fish, birds, fowl, milk, butter, fruit, vegetables, or other articles intended for human food, shall keep, protect, and preserve the same in a clean and wholesome condition, and shall not allow the same, or any part thereof, to be poisoned, infected, or rendered unsafe or unwholesome for human food.

Ice Cream—Production, Care, and Sale. (Reg. Bd. of H., Aug. 1, 1912.)

ARTICLE I.

SECTION 1. No ice cream shall be manufactured or stored in any portion of a building which is used for the stabling of horses or other animals, or in any room used in whole or in part for domestic or sleeping purposes, unless the manufacturing and storage room for ice cream is separated from other parts of the building, to the satisfaction of the board of health.

SEC. 2. All rooms in which ice cream is manufactured or stored shall be provided with tight walls and floors, window and door screens, and kept constantly clean. The walls and floors of said rooms shall be of such construction as to permit rapid and thorough cleansing. The room or rooms aforesaid shall be equipped with appliances for washing or sterilizing all utensils employed in the mixing, freezing, storage, sale,